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- 1 5EOD36-1
- 2 By Representatives Jackson, Plump, Sellers, Tillman, Hassell
- 3 RFD: Ways and Means General Fund
- 4 First Read: 27-Apr-23

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6 2023 Regular Session



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4	SYNOPSIS:
5	Under existing law, the Judicial Retirement Fund
6	does not permit unmarried justices or judges to
7	designate a beneficiary for the purpose of receiving
8	spousal benefits upon his or her death.
9	This bill would allow an unmarried justice or
10	judge, upon retirement, to designate a beneficiary for
11	the receipt of spousal benefits upon his or her death.
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14	A BILL
15	TO BE ENTITLED
16	AN ACT
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18	Relating to the Judicial Retirement Fund; to amend
19	Section 12-18-10, Code of Alabama 1975; to allow an unmarried
20	justice or judge, upon retirement, to designate a beneficiary
21	for the receipt of spousal benefits upon his or her death; and
22	to provide for the transfer of those benefits to his or her
23	spouse upon subsequent marriage.
24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
25	Section 1. Section 12-18-10 of the Code of Alabama
26	1975, is amended to read as follows:
27	" §12-18-10
28	(a) The retirement benefit payable to a justice of the

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Supreme Court or judge of one of the courts of appeals retiring pursuant to subdivision (2), (3), (4), or (5) of subsection (a) of Section 12-18-6, shall be 75 percent of the salary prescribed by law for the position from which he or she retires, payable monthly for the rest of his or her life. Such The benefit, which shall continue to be 75 percent of his or her salary prescribed by law for such the position and shall change in amount as such the salary is hereafter increased or decreased by law-and, shall not be subject to writs of attachment or garnishment.

- (b) The retirement benefit payable to a judge of a circuit court retiring pursuant to subdivision (2), (3), (4), or (5) of subsection (b) of Section 12-18-6, shall be 75 percent of the salary prescribed by law of the salary payable from the State Treasury to circuit judges.—Such_The retirement benefits, which shall be payable monthly for the life of the beneficiary—and, shall continue to be 75 percent of the salary then prescribed by law for the respective position, and—shall change in amount as—such_the salary is—hereafter increased or decreased by law, and shall not be subject to writs of attachment or garnishment.
- (c) (1) After the death of any married justice or judge who had held office for a minimum of five years, his or her spouse shall receive a yearly benefit equivalent to three percent of the salary payable from the State Treasury prescribed by law for his or her former position as either a justice or judge, as the case may be, for each year of service, not to exceed 30 percent of such the salary, payable

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- 57 monthly for the remainder of such the spouse's life or until
 58 his or her remarriage, and such the benefit shall change in
 59 amount as such the salary is hereafter increased or decreased
 60 by law.
- (2) Upon retirement, an unmarried justice or judge may
 designate a beneficiary to receive the spousal benefit as
 provided in subdivision (1). If the unmarried retired justice
 or judge subsequently marries someone other than the
 designated beneficiary, the spousal benefits designated to the
 designated beneficiary shall transfer to the spouse.

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- (d) Any justice or judge retiring pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (a) or subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of Section 12-8-6, who has served for 10 years, shall be entitled to a disability benefit allowance payable monthly from the Judicial Retirement Fund equal to 75 percent of the salary payable from the State Treasury for the position he or she held at the time he or she retires. If such the disabled justice or judge has served less than 10 years, he shall be entitled to or she may receive a monthly disability benefit that is equal to 25 percent of the salary payable from the State Treasury for the position he or she held at the time he or she retires plus 10 percent of such that salary for each year of service in excess of five years; provided, however, that in. In no event shall such the justice or judge receive less than 30 percent of the annual salary being paid to a full-time justice or judge, as the case may be, from the State Treasury.
 - (e) (1) Every justice or judge who has retired pursuant

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85	to this article-may, on the request of the Chief Justice, the
86	presiding judge of a court of appeals $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ or the Governor, $\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}}$ be
87	called to active duty status and, when serving with the
88	Supreme Court or courts of appeals, shall perform—such duties
89	as may be prescribed by the Chief Justice or the presiding
90	judge of the court of appeals with which he or she is serving
91	and, when serving in a circuit court, shall perform—such
92	duties as may be prescribed by the presiding judge in the
93	circuit. Such The retired justice or judge of a court of
94	appeals in such active service status shall receive an
95	additional sum during the term of <u>such</u> the service which, when
96	added to his or her retirement benefits, would amount to
97	\$250.00 two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) per month less than
98	the monthly salary paid a justice or judge of the appellate
99	court from which he or she has retired. The salary paid a
100	retired circuit judge called to active service with the
101	Supreme Court or a court of appeals shall be the salary paid a
102	circuit judge in the circuit from which—said_the judge
103	retired. The salary paid a retired circuit judge called to
104	active service as a circuit judge shall be the salary paid a
105	regular judge in the circuit to which he or she is assigned or
106	in the circuit from which he or she retired, whichever is
107	greater. In no event, however, shall the total compensation
108	paid to a retired circuit judge on active status during any
109	calendar year exceed a sum which that is \$1,000.00 one
110	thousand dollars (\$1,000) less than the compensation received
111	by a regular judge in the circuit from which—such the judge
112	retired.

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- appeals is serving in a circuit court, he or she shall receive compensation equal to that due the regular judge of that circuit for the performance of such those duties, such the compensation to be paid in the same manner as the compensation of the regular circuit judge is paid; and, whenever. When a retired justice or a judge of a court of appeals is serving as an active member on the Supreme Court or on one of the courts of appeals, then he or she shall be entitled to receive, during the time of such that service, compensation equal to that due a regular justice or judge for the performance of such those duties, such that compensation to be paid in the same manner as the compensation of a regular justice or judge is paid.
 - (3) A retired justice or judge of one of the courts of appeals or circuit judge, while serving with the Supreme Court or one of the courts of appeals for reasons other than the absence or disqualification of a justice or judge, shall perform—such duties as may be prescribed by the Chief Justice when serving with the Supreme Court, or as prescribed by the presiding judge of the court of appeals with which he or she may be serving.
 - (f) The Chief Justice, with the advice of the Supreme Court, or the presiding judge of a court of appeals, with the advice of the court over which he <u>or she</u> presides, shall determine whether—<u>such</u> the retired justice or judge is satisfactorily performing his <u>or her</u> assigned duties. Upon determination that—<u>such</u> the retired justice or judge is not



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satisfactorily performing—such_those duties,—such_the retired justice or judge shall immediately be removed from active status, and his or her additional active duty compensation shall be stopped.

- (g) Except as provided in subsection (f) of this section, a retired justice or judge shall hold office as such an additional or extra judge during good behavior and may be removed only for causes specified in the constitution. Such The retired justices or judges may, however, but subject to the approval of the Chief Justice, may be transferred to inactive status, upon request for such the transfer. Justices or judges who revert to inactive status shall be entitled to the same retirement benefits prescribed in subsections (a) and (b) of this section for justices and judges who have retired.
- (h) Nothing contained in this section or hereafter shall limit the power and authority of the Chief Justice to transfer a retired justice or judge from inactive status to active status or from active status to inactive status as the public interest in his or her judgment requires."
- Section 2. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.