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Retirement Systems
of Alabama

GASB STATEMENT NO. 67 REPORT

FOR THE

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ALABAMA

PREPARED AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2014





Cavanaugh Macdonald

CONSULTING, LLC

The experience and dedication you deserve

March 2, 2015

Board of Control
Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama
Montgomery, Alabama

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Presented in this report is information to assist the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama in meeting the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67. The information is presented for the period ending September 30, 2014.

The annual actuarial valuation used as a basis for much of the information presented in this report was performed as of September 30, 2013. The valuation was based on data, provided by the Retirement System staff for active, inactive and retired members along with pertinent financial information.

The actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries according to generally accepted actuarial procedures and methods. The calculations are based on the current provisions of the System, and on actuarial assumptions that are, individually and in the aggregate, internally consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the System. In addition, the calculations were completed in compliance with the laws governing the System and, in our opinion, meet the requirements of GASB 67. The undersigned are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein.

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Board of Control

March 2, 2015

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Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Edward Macdonald'.

Edward A. Macdonald, ASA, FCA, MAAA
President

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Cathy Turcot'.

Cathy Turcot
Principal and Managing Director

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'John J. Garrett'.

John J. Garrett, ASA, FCA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary

EAM/mjn



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**REPORT OF THE ANNUAL GASB STATEMENT NO. 67
REQUIRED INFORMATION FOR THE
TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF ALABAMA
PREPARED AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2014**

SECTION I – INTRODUCTION

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 67 (GASB 67), “*Financial Reporting For Pension Plans*”, in June 2012. GASB 67’s effective date is for plan years beginning after June 15, 2013. This report, prepared as of September 30, 2014 (the Measurement Date), presents information to assist the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama in meeting the requirements of GASB 67. Much of the material provided in this report is based on the data, assumptions and results of the annual actuarial valuation of the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama as of September 30, 2013. The results of that valuation were detailed in a report dated July 18, 2014.

GASB 67 replaces GASB 25, and represents a significant departure from the requirements of that older statement. GASB 25 was issued as a funding friendly statement that required pension plans to report items consistent with the results of the plan’s actuarial valuations, as long as those valuations met certain parameters. GASB 67 basically divorces accounting and funding, creating disclosure and reporting requirements that may or may not be consistent with the basis used for funding the System.

GASB 67 requires us to determine the Total Pension Liability (TPL) utilizing the Entry Age Normal actuarial funding method. If the valuation date at which the TPL is determined is before the measurement date, as is the case here, the TPL must be rolled forward to the measurement date. The Net Pension Liability (NPL) is then set equal to the rolled forward TPL minus the Plan’s Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) (basically the market values of assets) as of the Measurement Date. The benefit provisions recognized in the calculation of the TPL are summarized in Schedule B. The development of the roll-forward of the TPL is shown in the table on page 6.

Among the assumptions needed for the liability calculation is a Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR). To determine the SEIR, the FNP must be projected into the future for as long as there are anticipated benefits payable under the plan’s provision applicable to the membership and beneficiaries of the System on the Measurement Date. Future contributions were projected to be made in accordance with the Funding Policy adopted by the Board. The funding policy is shown in Schedule D of this report. If the FNP is not projected to be depleted at any point in the future, as the results currently indicate, the long term expected rate of return on plan investments expected to be used to finance the benefit payments may be used as the SEIR.



If, however, at a future measurement date the FNP is projected to be depleted, the SEIR is determined as the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by discounting all projected benefit payments through the date of depletion by the long term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion by a 20-year tax-exempt municipal bond (rating AA/Aa or higher) rate. The rate used, if necessary, for this purpose is the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published monthly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System. We have determined that a discount rate of 8.00 percent meets the requirements of GASB 67.

The sections that follow provide the results of all the necessary calculations, presented in the order laid out in GASB 67 for note disclosure and Required Supplementary Information (RSI).



SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT NOTES

The material presented herein will follow the order presented in GASB 67. Paragraph numbers are provided for ease of reference.

Paragraphs 30(a) (1)-(3): The information required is to be supplied by the System.

Paragraph 30(a) (4): The data required regarding the membership of the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama were furnished by the System office. The following table summarizes the membership of the system as of September 30, 2013, the actuarial valuation date.

Membership

	Number
Inactive Members Or Their Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits (includes DROPS)	84,774
Inactive Members Entitled To But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	17,643
Non-vested Inactive Members Who Have Not Contributed For More Than 5 Years	26,633
Active Members	133,919
Total	262,969

Paragraphs 30(a)(5)-(6) and Paragraphs 30(b)-(f): The information required is to be supplied by the System.

Paragraphs 31(a) (1)-(4): The information is provided in the following table. As stated above, the NPL is equal to the TPL minus the FNP. That result as of September 30, 2014 is presented in the table below (\$ thousands).



	Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2014
Total Pension Liability	\$31,338,446
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	<u>22,253,818</u>
Net Pension Liability	\$9,084,628
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.01%

Paragraph 31(b) (1)(a)-(f): This paragraph requires information regarding the actuarial assumptions used to measure the TPL. The actuarial assumptions utilized in developing the TPL are outlined in Schedule C. The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2013, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.0 percent
Projected Salary increases	3.50 – 8.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA projected to 2015 and set back one year for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2005 – September 30, 2010.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by



adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Fixed Income	25.00%	5.00%
US Large Stocks	34.00%	9.00%
US Mid Stocks	8.00%	12.00%
US Small Stocks	3.00%	15.00%
Int'l Developed Mkt Stocks	15.00%	11.00%
Int'l Emerging Mkt Stocks	3.00%	16.00%
Real Estate	10.00%	7.50%
Cash	2.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	

*Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2.50%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Paragraph 31(b) (1) (g): This paragraph requires disclosure of the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00 percent, as well as what the System's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00 percent) than the current rate (\$ thousands):

	1% Decrease (7.00%)	Current Discount Rate (8.00%)	1% Increase (9.00%)
System's net pension liability	\$12,375,992	\$9,084,628	\$6,294,849



Paragraph 31(c): September 30, 2013 is the actuarial valuation date upon which the TPL is based. An expected TPL is determined as of September 30, 2014 using standard roll forward techniques. The roll forward calculation adds the annual normal cost (also called the service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year. The procedure was used to determine the TPL as of September 30, 2014, as shown in the following table:

TPL Roll-Forward (\$ in thousands)	
(a) TPL as of September 30, 2013	\$30,437,059
(b) Entry Age Normal Cost* for the Year October 1, 2013 – September 30, 2014	602,605
(c) Actual Benefit Payments for the Year October 1, 2013 – September 30, 2014	2,054,022
(d) TPL as of September 30, 2014 = [(a) x (1.08)] + (b) - [(c) x (1.04)]	\$ 31,338,446

*Also called the Service Cost



SECTION III – REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

There are several tables of Required Supplementary Information (RSI) that need to be included in the System’s financial statements:

Paragraphs 32(a)-(c): The required tables are provided in Schedule A.

Paragraph 32(d): The money-weighted rates of return required are to be supplied by the System.

Paragraph 34: In addition the following should be noted regarding the RSI:

Changes of benefit terms. The member contribution rates were increased from 5.00% (6.00% for certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters) of earnable compensation to 7.25% (8.25%) of earnable compensation effective October 1, 2011, and to 7.50% (8.50%) of earnable compensation effective October 1, 2012. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013 are covered under a new benefit structure.

Changes of assumptions. In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions. The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of September 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increase	3.50 percent to 8.25 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.00 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation



SCHEDULE A

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
GASB 67 Paragraph 32(a)
(\$ in Thousands)**

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total pension liability										
Service Cost*	\$ 602,605									
Interest	2,352,804									
Benefit changes	-									
Difference between expected and actual experience	-									
Changes of assumptions	-									
Benefit payments	(1,997,877)									
Refunds of contributions	(56,145)									
Net change in total pension liability	<u>901,387</u>									
Total pension liability - beginning	<u>\$30,437,059</u>									
Total pension liability - ending (a)	<u><u>\$31,338,446</u></u>									
Components of Plan Fiduciary Net Position reserved to fund Total Pension Liability										
Contributions - employer	\$ 716,753									
Contributions - member	480,849									
Net investment income	2,468,499									
Benefit payments	(1,997,877)									
Refunds of contributions	(56,145)									
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	<u>1,612,079</u>									
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	<u>\$20,641,739</u>									
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u>\$22,253,818</u>									
Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	<u><u>\$ 9,084,628</u></u>									

*Also called the Entry Age Normal Cost



SCHEDULE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
GASB 67 Paragraph 32(b)
(\$ in Thousands)

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total pension liability	\$31,338,446									
Plan fiduciary net position	<u>22,253,818</u>									
Net pension liability	<u>\$ 9,084,628</u>									
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability	71.01%									
Covered employee payroll	\$ 6,466,923									
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	140.48%									

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
GASB 67 Paragraph 32(c)
(\$ in Thousands)



	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
Actuarially determined employer contribution	\$ 716,753	\$ 605,465	\$ 594,771	\$ 755,944	\$ 753,213	\$ 728,822	\$ 706,491	\$ 519,247	\$ 413,975	\$ 329,193
Actual employer contributions	<u>716,753</u>	<u>605,465</u>	<u>594,771</u>	<u>755,944</u>	<u>753,213</u>	<u>728,822</u>	<u>706,491</u>	<u>519,247</u>	<u>413,975</u>	<u>329,193</u>
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered employee payroll*	\$6,331,740	\$6,241,907	\$6,182,651	\$6,232,020	\$6,209,505	\$6,234,577	\$6,213,641	\$5,782,261	\$5,314,185	\$4,950,271
Actual contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll**	11.32%	9.70%	9.62%	12.13%	12.13%	11.69%	11.37%	8.98%	7.79%	6.65%

*Estimated based on employer contribution rate.

**Beginning with the 2014 fiscal year this represents a blended rate based on separate Tier 1 and Tier 2 contribution rates.



SCHEDULE B

SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS EVALUATED

The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama was established on September 15, 1939 and went into effect September 30, 1941. The valuation took into account amendments to the System through the valuation date. There is a new tier (Tier II) of benefits for all members initially joining the System on and after January 1, 2013. The following summary describes the main benefit and contribution provisions of the System as interpreted for the valuation.

1 - DEFINITIONS

Average Final Compensation - the average compensation of a member for:

Tier I – the 3 highest years in the last 10 years of Creditable Service

Tier II – the 5 highest years in the last 10 years of Creditable Service

Membership Service – all service rendered while a member of the retirement system and for which contributions are made.

Creditable Service – the sum of membership service, prior service, and any other service established as creditable in accordance with the provisions of the retirement law.

Annuity – payments for life derived from accumulated contributions of a member.

Pension – payments for life derived from employer contributions.

Retirement Allowance – the sum of the annuity and pension.

2 - BENEFITS

Service Retirement Allowance

Condition for Allowance

Tier I

A retirement allowance is payable upon the request of any member who has completed 25 years of creditable service or who has attained age 60 and completed at least 10 years of creditable service.



Tier II A retirement allowance is payable upon the request of any member who has attained age 62 and completed at least 10 years of creditable service (age 56 with 10 years of creditable service for a full-time certified firefighter, police officer or correctional officer).

Amount of Allowance

Tier I Upon service retirement a member receives a retirement allowance equal to 2.0125% of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. At retirement, a member receives one additional year of creditable service in determining the retirement allowance for each five years of service as a full-time certified firefighter, police officer or correctional officer.

Tier II Upon service retirement a member receives a retirement allowance equal to 1.65% of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. The benefit is capped at 80% of the member's average final compensation.

Both The member may elect to receive a reduced retirement allowance in order to provide an allowance to a designated beneficiary after the member's death (see "Special Privileges at Retirement" below).

Disability Retirement Allowance

Condition for Allowance A disability retirement allowance may be granted to a member who has 10 years or more of creditable service who becomes totally and permanently incapacitated for duty before reaching eligibility for a service retirement allowance.

Amount of Allowance

Tier I On retirement for disability, a member receives a retirement allowance equal to 2.0125% of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. At retirement, a member receives one additional year of creditable service in determining the retirement allowance for each five years of service as a full-time certified firefighter, police officer or correctional officer.



Tier II Upon disability retirement a member receives a retirement allowance equal to 1.65% of the member's average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. The benefit is capped at 80% of the member's average final compensation.

Both The member may elect to receive a reduced retirement allowance in order to provide an allowance to a designated beneficiary after the member's death (see "Special Privileges at Retirement" below).

Benefits Payable on
Separation from Service Any member who withdraws from service is entitled to receive his or her contributions with allowable interest. A member who has completed 10 years of creditable service may, after separation from service, continue in the membership of the System and file for service retirement after reaching age 60 (age 62 for Tier II members).

Benefits Payable upon
Death in Active Service In the event of the death of a member eligible for service retirement, the designated beneficiary may elect (1) to exercise Option 3 defined below under "Special Privileges at Retirement" or (2) to receive a return of member contributions and total earned interest plus a death benefit payable from the pre-retirement death benefit fund equal to the salary on which the member made retirement contributions for the previous scholastic year (July 1-June 30).*

In the event of the death of a member with more than one year of service who is not eligible to retire, the designated beneficiary shall receive the return of member contributions and total earned interest. Also, the designated beneficiary shall receive an additional death benefit payable from the pre-retirement death benefit fund equal to the salary on which retirement contributions were made for the previous scholastic year (July 1-June 30).*

In the event of a job-related death of a member with less than one year of service, the designated beneficiary shall receive the return of member contributions and total earned interest plus a death benefit payable from the pre-retirement death benefit fund equal to the annual earnable compensation of the member at the time of death.*



In the event of the death of a member with less than one year of service that is not job-related, the designated beneficiary shall receive the return of member contributions and total earned interest plus a matching death benefit which is limited to a \$5,000 maximum.

*However, if the death occurred more than 180 calendar days after the member's last day in pay status, or if the deceased had applied for a refund of contributions or terminated employment, the lump sum will be the same as if the member had less than one year of service and the death was not job-related.

Special Privileges at Retirement

In lieu of the full retirement allowance, any member may, at retirement, elect to receive a reduced retirement allowance equal in value to the full allowance, with the provision that:

Option 1 - If the member dies before annuity payments have equaled the present value of the annuity at the date of retirement, the balance is paid to a designated beneficiary or to his estate, or

Option 2 - After the member's death, the member's allowance is continued throughout the life of the designated beneficiary, or

Option 3 - After the member's death, one-half of the member's allowance is continued throughout the life of the designated beneficiary, or

Option 4 - Some other benefit is paid either to the member or to such other person as the member shall designate provided such benefit, together with the reduced retirement allowance, is of equivalent actuarial value to his retirement allowance and is approved by the Board of Control.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP)

Prior to March 25, 2011, a member may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) upon completion of at least 25 years of creditable service (excluding sick leave) and attainment of at least 55 years of age. Under the DROP, the member may defer receipt of a retirement allowance and continue employment for a period not to exceed five years, nor to be less than three years. At the end of this period, the member will withdraw from active



service and receive the retirement benefit calculated at the time of enrollment in the DROP, and also receive a payment for the deferred retirement benefits, employee contributions while participating in the DROP and interest earned on DROP deposits.

The effect of Act 2011-27 is that no new participants will be allowed to enter DROP with an effective participation date after June 1, 2011.

Term Life Insurance

Upon the death of a contributing member there is paid a term life insurance benefit of \$15,000 (pro-rated for part-time members)

Member Contributions

Tier I

Prior to October 1, 2011, regular members contributed 5.0% of salary and certified police officers, firefighters and correctional officers contributed 6.0% of salary. DROP participants continue to contribute during the DROP period, but receive a refund of these contributions and regular interest upon retirement.

Beginning October 1, 2011, the contribution rates were increased to 7.25% for regular members and 8.25% for police officers, firefighters and correctional officers.

Beginning October 1, 2012, the contribution rates were increased to 7.50% for regular members and 8.50% for police officers, firefighters and correctional officers.

Tier II

Regular members contribute 6% of salary and full-time certified firefighters, police officers and correctional officers contribute 7% of salary

Both

If positive investment performance results in a decrease in the total contribution rate paid by employers and employees participating in the System, the Retirement System of Alabama shall first reduce the employee contribution rate.

“Regular Interest” is 4% which is the rate adopted by the Board and applied to the balance in each member’s account every year; however, if a member receives a refund of contributions, the interest rate applied to the refund is lower than the 4% regular rate (Based on Section 16-25-14-(g)(1)).



SCHEDULE C

STATEMENT OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

LONG-TERM INVESTMENT RATE OF RETURN: 8.00% per annum, compounded annually, including price inflation at 3%.

SALARY INCREASES: Representative values of the assumed annual rates of future salary increases are as follows and include wage inflation at 3.25% per annum:

Service	Annual Rate	Service	Annual Rate
0	8.25 %	6	5.00 %
1	6.50	7	4.75
2	5.75	8 to 13	4.50
3	5.50	14 to 18	4.00
4	5.25	19 & Over	3.50
5	5.00		

SEPARATIONS BEFORE SERVICE RETIREMENT: Representative values of the assumed annual rates of death, disability, and withdrawal are as follows:

<u>Age</u>	<u>Annual Rate of</u>					
	<u>Death*</u>	<u>Disability</u>		<u>Withdrawal</u>		
		<u>Years of Service</u>		<u>Years of Service</u>		
	<u>0-24</u>	<u>25+</u>	<u>0-4</u>	<u>5-9</u>	<u>10-20</u>	<u>20+</u>

Male

20	0.02%	0.04%		30.00%			
25	0.02	0.05		15.68	10.00%		
30	0.03	0.05		14.25	5.40	5.00%	
35	0.05	0.10		14.25	5.40	3.00	
40	0.07	0.18		14.00	5.40	2.50	1.00%
45	0.09	0.31	0.10%	14.00	5.00	2.50	1.00
50	0.12	0.51	0.10	12.50	4.50	2.50	1.00
55	0.20	0.96	0.10	12.00	4.00	2.50	1.00
60	0.40	0.50	0.10	12.00	4.00		
65	0.77			12.00	6.00		
69	1.20			12.00	6.00		



Female

20	0.01%	0.10%		28.50%			
25	0.01	0.10		14.00	8.00%		
30	0.01	0.10		14.00	5.80	4.00%	
35	0.02	0.15		14.00	5.00	3.00	
40	0.03	0.16		12.00	4.50	2.10	1.10%
45	0.04	0.33	0.15%	11.50	3.75	2.10	0.75
50	0.06	0.63	0.15	11.00	3.75	2.10	0.75
55	0.11	0.99	0.15	11.00	3.75	2.50	0.75
60	0.21	0.25	0.25	12.00	4.50		
65	0.40			14.00	6.00		
69	0.62			14.00	6.00		

* Rates of pre-retirement mortality are according to the sex distinct RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2015 set back one year for females with an adjustment of factor of 0.75% for males and 0.50% for females.

SERVICE RETIREMENT:

The assumed annual rates of service retirement for **Tier I** members are as follows:

For members first eligible for unreduced benefits upon attaining 25 years of service but before age 65, rates are as follows:

<u>Age Group</u>	<u>Annual Rate</u>	
	<u>Male*</u>	<u>Female**</u>
47 & Under	20.0%	25.0%
48	20.0	17.0
49	20.0	16.0
50 to 52	15.0	16.0
53 to 54	14.0	16.0
55 to 59	15.0	20.0
60	15.0	15.0
61	20.0	25.0
62	35.0	35.0
63	30.0	25.0
64	25.0	30.0

*Retirement rates are increased by 7% in the year first eligible for unreduced retirement from age 50 through age 54 and by 10% from age 55 through age 60.

**Retirement rates are increased by 7% in the year first eligible for unreduced retirement from age 50 through age 54 and by 20% from age 55 through age 60.



For members first eligible for unreduced benefits before attaining 25 years of service and all members age 65 and over, the rates are as follows:

<u>Age Group</u>	<u>Annual Rate</u>	
	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
60	13.0%	20.0%
61	12.0	15.0
62	28.0	25.0
63	20.0	20.0
64	15.0	18.0
65	30.0	30.0
66	28.0	30.0
67	20.0	25.0
68	20.0	28.0
69	20.0	22.0
70	20.0	25.0
71 to 74	20.0	22.0
75 & Above	100.0	100.0

The assumed annual rates of service retirement for **Tier II** members are as follows:

<u>Age Group</u>	<u>Annual Rate</u>			
	<u>Male</u>		<u>Female</u>	
	<u>Less than 25</u> <u>years of service</u>	<u>25 or more</u> <u>years of service</u>	<u>Less than 25</u> <u>years of service</u>	<u>25 or more years</u> <u>of service</u>
62	50.0%	60.0%	50.0%	65.0%
63	20.0	30.0	20.0	25.0
64	15.0	25.0	18.0	30.0
65	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0
66	28.0	28.0	30.0	30.0
67	20.0	20.0	25.0	25.0
68	20.0	20.0	28.0	28.0
69	20.0	20.0	22.0	22.0
70	20.0	20.0	25.0	25.0
71 to 74	20.0	20.0	22.0	22.0
75 & above	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

DEATHS AFTER RETIREMENT: Rates of mortality for the period after service retirement are according to the sex distinct RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2015 set back one year for females. Rates of mortality for the period after disability retirement are according to the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, adjusted for males by a factor of 0.85. Representative values of the assumed annual rates of death after retirement are as follows:



Annual Rate

<u>Age</u>	<u>After Service Retirement</u>		<u>After Disability Retirement</u>	
	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
35	0.07%	0.04%	1.92%	0.75%
40	0.10	0.05	1.92	0.75
45	0.12	0.08	1.92	0.75
50	0.16	0.12	2.46	1.15
55	0.27	0.21	3.01	1.65
60	0.53	0.41	3.57	2.18
65	1.03	0.80	4.26	2.80
70	1.77	1.38	5.32	3.76
75	3.06	2.26	6.98	5.22
80	5.54	3.74	9.30	7.23
85	9.97	6.35	12.04	10.02
90	17.27	11.39	15.59	14.00
95	25.96	17.74	22.74	19.45

SPOUSE’S BENEFIT: For those eligible for spouse’s benefits, it is assumed that 75% will elect the lump sum death benefit payable from the death benefit fund and 25% will elect the spouse’s benefit payable from the pension accumulation fund and included in the liabilities of the System.

BENEFITS PAYABLE UPON SEPARATION FROM SERVICE: For active members who separate from service prior to eligibility for a service retirement allowance, the liability is assumed to be the greater of the value of the refund of contributions and the value of the deferred annuity. Assumed refunds are reduced by 10% to account for interest accumulation adjustments which are less than the “regular” 4% rate adopted by the Board.

UNUSED SICK LEAVE: 3% load on service retirement liabilities for active members. (No load for Tier II members)

PERCENTAGE MARRIED: 100% of active members are assumed to be married with the husband 3 years older than the wife.

VALUATION METHOD: Individual entry age normal cost method.

ASSET METHOD: Market value.

LIABILITY FOR CURRENT INACTIVE MEMBERS: Member Contribution Balance is multiplied by a factor of 2.0.



SCHEDULE D

BOARD FUNDING POLICY

The purpose of the funding policy is to state the overall funding objectives for the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (System), the benchmarks that will be used to measure progress in achieving those goals, and the methods and assumptions that will be employed to develop the benchmarks. The funding policy reflects the Board's long-term strategy for stability in funding of the plan. For that reason, it is critical that this funding policy remain unchanged until its objectives are met.

I. Funding Objectives

The goal in requiring employer and member contributions to the System is to accumulate sufficient assets during a member's employment to fully finance the benefits the member is expected to receive throughout retirement. In meeting this objective, the System will strive to meet the following funding objectives:

- To maintain an increasing funded ratio (ratio of system actuarial value of assets to actuarial accrued liabilities) that reflects a trend of improved actuarial condition. The long-term objective is to attain a funded ratio which is consistent with the fiscal health and long-term stability of the System.
- To maintain adequate asset levels to finance the benefits promised to members and monitor the future demands for liquidity.
- To develop a pattern of contribution rates expressed as a percentage of member payroll as measured by valuations prepared in accordance with applicable State laws and the principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board. In no event will the employer contribution rate be negative.
- To provide intergenerational equity for taxpayers with respect to System costs.

II. Benchmarks

To track progress in achieving the previously outlined funding objectives, the following benchmarks will be measured annually as of the valuation date. The valuation date is the date that the annual actuarial valuation of the System's assets and liabilities is prepared. This date is currently September 30th each year with due recognition that a single year's results may not be indicative of long-term trends:



- **Funded ratio** – The funded ratio, defined as the actuarial value of assets divided by the actuarial accrued liability, should increase over time, before adjustments for changes in benefits, actuarial methods, and/or actuarial assumptions. An open amortization period is one for which the amortization period is recalculated on a yearly basis and the ending date of the amortization period is a variable with each recalculation. A closed amortization period is one which is calculated over a fixed period and at the end of that period, the amount is fully amortized.
- **Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)**
 - **Transitional UAAL** - The UAAL established as of the initial valuation date for which this funding policy is adopted shall be known as the Transitional UAAL (applicable only to employers participating in the System as of the adoption date of the funding policy).
 - **New Incremental UAAL** - Each subsequent valuation will produce a New Incremental UAAL consisting of all benefit changes, assumption and method changes and experience gains and/or losses that have occurred since the previous valuation.
- **UAAL Amortization Period and Contribution Rates**
 - In each valuation 1/15th of the Transitional UAAL will be amortized over a closed period. The closed period shall be the amortization period for the valuation preceding the adoption of the funding policy not to exceed 30 years. The remaining Transitional UAAL each year will be amortized over an open period. The open period shall be the amortization period for the valuation preceding the adoption of the funding policy not to exceed 30 years. After 15 years the entire Transitional UAAL will be closed.
 - Each New Incremental UAAL shall be amortized over a closed 30 year period.
 - Employer Normal Contribution Rate – the contribution rate determined as of the valuation date each year based on the provisions of Alabama Code Section 16-25-21.
 - In each valuation subsequent to the adoption of this funding policy the required employer contribution rate will be determined by the summation of the employer Normal Contribution Rate, a contribution rate for administrative expenses, a contribution rate for the pre-retirement death benefit fund, a contribution rate for the term life insurance fund, the individual amortization rate for each of the New Incremental UAAL bases, the individual amortization rate for each of the 15 closed periods for the Transitional UAAL and the amortization of any remaining open portion of the Transitional UAAL.



- **UAAL Amortization Period for Employers joining the System after the Implementation of this Funding Policy**
 - For Employers joining the System after the implementation of this Funding Policy, the employer contribution rate shall be computed as the sum of the employer Normal Contribution rate, a contribution rate for administrative expenses, a contribution rate for the pre-retirement death benefit fund, a contribution rate for the term life insurance fund, and the initial UAAL contribution rate. The initial UAAL contribution rate shall be determined by amortizing the initial UAAL over a closed period equal to the expected future working lifetime of the active membership. This initial amortization period shall not be less than 10 years nor greater than 30 years.
 - In subsequent years the UAAL and employer contribution rate shall be determined in accordance with the rules of the Funding Policy described in the previous section.

III. Methods and Assumptions

The actuarial funding method used to develop the benchmarks will be the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarial methods and assumptions used will be those last adopted by the Board based upon the advice and recommendation of the actuary including the Interest Smoothing methodology. The actuary shall conduct an investigation into the system's experience at least every five years and utilize the results of the investigation to form the basis for those recommendations which shall include the Interest Smoothing Methodology.

IV. Funding Policy Progress

The Board will periodically have projections of funded status performed to assess the current and expected future progress towards the overall funding goals of the System.