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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Control
Public Employees' Individual Retirement
Account Fund

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Public Employees' Individual Retirement Account Fund (a component unit of the State of Alabama), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which comprise the Public Employees' Individual Retirement Account Fund's basic financial statements as presented on pages 6 – 15.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net position of the Public Employees' Individual Retirement Account Fund, as of September 30, 2013, and the changes in net position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Prior-Year Comparative Information

The financial statements include partial prior-year comparative information. Such information does not include all of the information required to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Public Employees' Individual Retirement Account Fund's financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2012, from which such partial information was derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Can, Rigge & Ingram, L.L.C.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 – 5 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

January 15, 2014

Montgomery, Alabama

Public Employees' Individual Retirement Account Fund (PEIRAF) Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2013

The Public Employees' Individual Retirement Account Fund (PEIRAF) was established in 1982 to provide public employees of the State of Alabama with an opportunity to invest in an employee contribution plan. The Tax Reform Act of 1986 prohibited contributions to employee contribution plans for years after 1986. Accordingly, on November 26, 1986, the Board elected to discontinue receiving contributions to the PEIRAF after December 31, 1986. Existing PEIRAF member accounts continue to be invested and available for distribution. The following discussion provides an overview of the financial position and results of operation for the PEIRAF as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013. For more detailed information, please refer to the financial statements, including the *Notes to the Financial Statements*.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the PEIRAF include the *Statement of Fiduciary Net Position* and the *Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position*. The *Notes to the Financial Statements* are considered an integral part of the financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared under the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of when cash is received or expended. Investments are reported at fair value.

The *Statement of Fiduciary Net Position* includes all assets and liabilities of the PEIRAF and provides a snapshot of the financial position of the PEIRAF as of the end of the fiscal year. Assets are reduced by liabilities resulting in the fiduciary net position restricted for PEIRAF's members as of the fiscal year-end.

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position reports all of the additions and deductions in the fiscal year for the PEIRAF plan. Additions are primarily comprised of investment income. Deductions primarily consist of distributions made to members during the fiscal year. The change in fiduciary net position plus the beginning fiduciary net position results in the fiduciary net position restricted for members at fiscal year-end.

The *Notes to the Financial Statements* include a description of the PEIRAF, a summary of significant accounting policies, and notes and disclosures regarding the PEIRAF's investments.

Comparative financial statements for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012 have been included below.

Summary Comparative Statement of Fiduciary Net Position As of September 30, 2013 and 2012

% Increase/ 2013 2012 Variance (Decrease) Assets Cash \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ Interest Receivable 675,735 782,715 (106,980)(13.67)Investment Sales Receivable 7,181 272,632 (265,451)(97.37)84,579,319 Investments 89,490,290 (4,910,971)(5.49)4,239,451 Invested Securities Lending Collateral 11,368,979 7,129,528 168.17 Total Assets 96,631,215 94,785,089 1.95 1,846,126 Liabilities Investment Purchases Payable 635,433 (635,433)(100.00)11,368,979 Securities Lending Collateral 7,129,528 168.17 4,239,451 **Total Liabilities** 11,368,979 4,874,884 6,494,095 133.22 Net Position Restricted for PEIRAF Benefits 85,262,236 \$ 89,910,205 \$ (4,647,969)(5.17)

Summary Comparative Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

% Increase/ 2013 2012 Variance (Decrease) Additions Interest and Dividend Income 3,363,459 \$ 3,615,040 \$ (251,581)(6.96)Net (Decrease) Increase in Fair Value of Investments (3,135,723)1,475,725 (4,611,448)(312.49)Net Income from Securities Lending Activities 73,780 82,487 (8,707)(10.56)**Total Additions** 301,516 (4,871,736)5,173,252 (94.17)Deductions Normal Distributions 4,949,485 3,786,036 1,163,449 30.73 **Total Deductions** 4,949,485 3,786,036 1,163,449 30.73 Change in Net Position (4,647,969)(435.06)1,387,216 (6,035,185)Net Position Restricted for PEIRAF Benefits at Beginning of Year 89,910,205 88,522,989 1,387,216 1.57 Net Position Restricted for PEIRAF Benefits at End of Year 85,262,236 \$ 89,910,205 \$ (4,647,969)(5.17)

Financial Highlights

- ➤ Investment sales receivable and investment purchases payable occur as a result of trade date accounting. The decrease in the receivable and payable for fiscal year 2013 was due to the value of the securities traded in the current fiscal year and settling in the following fiscal year being smaller than the value of the securities accounted for using trade date accounting in the previous fiscal year.
- > The PEIRAF invests in domestic fixed maturity securities. The PEIRAF's annual rate of return on these investments as calculated by State Street Bank and Trust Company, the PEIRAF's investment custodian, was 0.35% for fiscal year 2013.
- ➤ Member distributions increased by 30.73% compared to the previous fiscal year. This change is largely the result of increases in the amount of normal distributions and withdrawals by plan participants.

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNT FUND

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

September 30, 2013 with comparative amounts at September 30, 2012

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>			
Assets					
Cash	\$ 1	\$	1		
Interest Receivable	675,735		782,715		
Investment Sales Receivable	7,181		272,632		
Investments, at Fair Value (Note 2)					
Commercial Paper	1,999,462		2,248,908		
Money Market and Mutual Funds	3,661,801		5,430,435		
U. S. Government Guaranteed Bonds	20,814,648		23,191,601		
U. S. Agency Securities	7,712,661		7,755,531		
Mortgage-backed Securities	11,706,752		12,404,451		
Corporate Bonds	35,903,344		36,003,754		
Private Placements	2,780,651		2,437,124		
Preferred Stocks	<u>-</u>		18,486		
Total Investments	 84,579,319		89,490,290		
Invested Securities Lending Collateral	 11,368,979		4,239,451		
Total Assets	 96,631,215		94,785,089		
Liabilities					
Investment Purchases Payable	-		635,433		
Securities Lending Collateral	 11,368,979		4,239,451		
Total Liabilities	 11,368,979		4,874,884		
Net Position Restricted for PEIRAF Benefits	\$ 85,262,236	\$	89,910,205		

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' INDIVIDUAL RETIREMENT ACCOUNT FUND

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2013 with comparative amounts shown for 2012

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>			
Additions					
Investment Income (Note 2)					
From Investing Activities					
Interest and Dividends	\$ 3,363,459	\$ 3,615,040			
Net (Decrease) Increase in Fair Value of Investments	(3,135,723)	1,475,725			
Total Investment Income from Investing Activities	227,736	5,090,765			
From Securities Lending Activities					
Securities Lending Income	105,761	117,506			
Less Securities Lending Expenses:					
Borrower Rebates	4,051	7,048			
Management Fees	27,930	27,971			
Total Securities Lending Expenses	31,981	35,019			
Income from Securities Lending Activities, Net	73,780	82,487			
Net Investment Income	301,516	5,173,252			
Total Additions	301,516	5,173,252			
Deductions					
Normal Distributions	4,949,485	3,786,036			
Total Deductions	4,949,485	3,786,036			
Change in Net Position	(4,647,969)	1,387,216			
Net Position Restricted for PEIRAF Benefits:					
Beginning of Year	89,910,205	88,522,989			
End of Year	\$ 85,262,236	\$ 89,910,205			

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Plan Description

The Public Employees' Individual Retirement Account Fund (PEIRAF) was established on July 8, 1982 under the provisions of Act 776 of the 1982 Alabama Legislature for the purpose of providing State of Alabama public employees an opportunity to receive benefits offered by the Economic Recovery Act of 1981 as it relates to individual retirement accounts for public employees covered by a mandatory public retirement plan.

The PEIRAF operates as a deductible employee contribution plan and began receiving deductible employee contributions on November 1, 1982. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of the PEIRAF is vested with its Board of Control. In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the PEIRAF is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama (State) and is included in the State's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

All members of the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (TRS), the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama (ERS), the Judicial Retirement Fund (JRF), and other eligible employees pursuant to the provisions of *Code of Alabama 1975 Section 36-27-6* are members of the PEIRAF and were eligible to make voluntary contributions. At September 30, 2013, there were 1,806 participants.

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 prohibited contributions to deductible employee contribution plans for years after 1986. Accordingly, on November 26, 1986, the PEIRAF Board of Control elected to discontinue receiving contributions to the PEIRAF after December 31, 1986. Existing PEIRAF member accounts continue to be invested and reinvested and available for distribution.

B. Cash

Cash consists of deposits held by the State Treasurer in the PEIRAF's name. Deposits are entirely insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or protected under the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement (SAFE) Program. The *Code of Alabama 1975* requires all State organizations to participate in the SAFE Program. The SAFE Program is a multiple financial institution collateral pool. The SAFE Program requires all public funds to be deposited in a financial institution designated by the State Treasurer as a qualified public depository. Each qualified public depository is required to pledge collateral in accordance with the rules established by the SAFE Board of Directors. In the event that a qualified public depository defaults or becomes insolvent and the pledged collateral is insufficient to satisfy the claims of public depositors, the *Code of Alabama 1975, Section 41-14A-9(3)* authorizes the State Treasurer to make assessments against the other qualified public depositories in the pool so that there will be no loss of public funds.

C. Basis of Accounting

The PEIRAF is a private purpose trust fund that operates under the accrual basis of accounting using the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Subsequent events were evaluated by management through the date the financial statements were issued.

D. Investments

The Board of Control has the authority and responsibility to invest and reinvest available funds, through the Secretary-Treasurer of the ERS, in bonds, mortgage-backed securities, common and preferred stock, and other investment vehicles with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiar with such matters would use.

All investments are carried at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgage-backed securities are reported based on future principal and interest payments discounted at the prevailing interest rate for similar instruments. Generally, private placements are valued based on the selling price of similar investments sold in the open market. In those instances where there are no similar investments sold in the open market, an independent appraisal is performed to determine the fair value of the private placements.

E. Income Distribution

All investment income earned on the accrual basis is posted monthly to member accounts based on average daily balances. The income posted to member accounts was at an annual rate of 0.35% for the fiscal year.

F. Administrative Costs

Under the provisions of Act 2001-1061 of the Alabama Legislature, the administrative costs incurred directly for the operation of the PEIRAF are provided from the expense funds of the TRS and the ERS.

G. Distribution Policy

Distributions to members can be in the form of a lump-sum distribution, a partial distribution, monthly distributions, or a rollover distribution. Upon attaining the age of 59 ½, a member may receive monthly distributions without penalty. There is no required age at which distributions must begin under this plan.

H. Comparative Statements

The basic financial statements include the prior fiscal year *Statement of Fiduciary Net Position* and the *Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position* for comparative purposes only. Prior fiscal year note disclosures are not included. Therefore, the prior fiscal year basic financial statement presentation does not meet the minimum level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, the prior fiscal year statements should be read in conjunction with the PEIRAF's prior fiscal year financial report from which the prior fiscal year statements were derived.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position, in June 2011 to be effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. GASB Statement No. 63 amends the net asset reporting requirements in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments, and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets. The requirements set forth in GASB Statement No. 63 were implemented by the PEIRAF for fiscal year 2013.

2) Investments

A. Investment Risks

Investments are subject to certain types of risks, including interest rate risk, custodial credit risk, and credit quality risk. The following describes those risks:

Interest Rate Risk – The fair value of fixed-maturity investments fluctuates in response to changes in market interest rates. Increases in prevailing interest rates generally translate into decreases in the fair value of those instruments. The fair value of interest sensitive instruments may also be affected by the creditworthiness of the issuer, prepayment options, relative values of alternative investments, and other general market conditions. Certain fixed maturity investments have call provisions that could result in shorter maturity periods.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that an entity will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty fails. The PEIRAF's custodial credit risk policy requires the custodial agent to hold or direct its agents or subcustodians to hold, for the account of the PEIRAF all securities and

A. Investment Risks, Continued

other non-cash property other than securities in the Federal Reserve book-entry system, in a clearing agency which acts as a securities depository, or in another book-entry system. The PEIRAF's safekeeping agent holds all investments of the PEIRAF in the PEIRAF's name with the exception of securities purchased with securities lending cash collateral.

Credit Quality – Nationally recognized statistical rating organizations provide ratings of debt securities quality based on a variety of factors, such as the financial condition of the issuers, which provide investors with some idea of the issuer's ability to meet its obligations. Domestic fixed-maturity investments may consist of rated or non-rated securities. Short-term investments may consist of commercial paper rated at least A-2 and/or P-2, repurchase agreements, short-term U.S. securities, and other money market investments. The PEIRAF invests in domestic fixed maturity and equity securities.

The following table provides information as of September 30, 2013, concerning the fair value of investments and interest rate risk:

INVESTMENTS

	Maturity in Years at Fair Value								
		Less					More	Total Fair	
Type of Investment		Than 1		1-5		6-10	 Than 10	 Value	 Cost
Fixed Maturity									
Domestic									
Money Market Funds	\$	3,661,801	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 3,661,801	\$ 3,661,801
Commercial Paper		1,999,462		-		-	-	1,999,462	1,999,462
U.S. Agency		271,282		4,068,807		3,054,454	318,118	7,712,661	7,426,512
U.S. Government Guaranteed		-		4,823,017		15,042,113	949,518	20,814,648	20,568,263
Corporate Bonds		4,958,283		17,518,258		7,425,266	6,001,537	35,903,344	34,019,673
Private Placements		1,016,000		-		-	1,764,651	2,780,651	3,934,357
GNMAs				330		-	1,597,928	1,598,258	1,629,268
CMO				360,131		-	9,748,363	10,108,494	10,120,466
Total Investments	\$	11,906,828	\$	26,770,543	\$	25,521,833	\$ 20,380,115	\$ 84,579,319	\$ 83,359,802

A. Investment Risks, Continued

The following table provides information as of September 30, 2013, concerning credit risk:

RATINGS OF FIXED MATURITIES

			Fair Value as a	
	Cost	Fair Value	Percent of Total	
Moody's				-
Aaa 1	\$ 38,411,970	\$ 38,710,252	45.77	%
Aa1	3,567,168	3,679,889	4.35	
Aa2	263,152	277,716	0.33	
Aa3	460,281	579,916	0.69	
P-1	4,161,655	4,161,655	4.92	
P-2	1,499,608	1,499,608	1.77	
A1	2,614,672	2,809,816	3.32	
A2	2,908,803	3,014,364	3.56	
A3	4,946,615	5,456,933	6.45	
Baa1	6,421,143	6,890,262	8.15	
Baa2	7,088,082	7,546,253	8.92	
Baa3	2,867,170	2,876,478	3.40	
Ba1	1,863,177	1,949,925	2.31	
Ba2	417,736	371,459	0.44	
B1	331,669	392,588	0.46	
Caa2	188,532	154,645	0.18	
Not Rated ²	5,348,369	4,207,560	4.97	_
Total Fixed Maturities	\$ 83,359,802	\$ 84,579,319	100.00	% =
Standard & Poor's				
AA+ 1	\$ 39,665,529	\$ 40,083,674	47.39	%
AA	3,013,709	3,026,689	3.58	
AA-	752,121	881,807	1.04	
A-1	3,661,801	3,661,801	4.33	
A-2	1,999,462	1,999,462	2.36	
A+	410,631	401,271	0.47	
A	4,491,803	4,761,040	5.63	
A-	7,031,595	7,672,183	9.07	
BBB+	7,319,620	7,550,269	8.93	
BBB	6,651,968	7,032,111	8.31	
BBB-	1,788,188	1,907,909	2.26	
BB+	634,515	704,808	0.83	
BB-	417,736	371,459	0.44	
CCC-	188,532	154,645	0.18	
Not Rated ²	 5,332,592	4,370,191	5.17	
Total Fixed Maturities	\$ 83,359,802	\$ 84,579,319	100.00	%

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1}}$ Includes securities guaranteed by the U.S. Government.

² Primarily consists of private placements.

B. Concentration of Investments

As of September 30, 2013, the PEIRAF owned debt securities of the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) and the Federal Home Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), which represented approximately, 11.29% and 6.19%, respectively, of the total fair value of investments.

C. Securities Lending Program

The PEIRAF is authorized by the Board of Control to participate in a securities lending program. The PEIRAF's custodian, State Street Bank and Trust Company (State Street), administers the program. Certain securities from the PEIRAF are loaned to borrowers approved by the PEIRAF for collateral that will be returned for the same security in the future. Approved borrowers of securities provide acceptable collateral in the form of cash (U. S. and foreign currency), U. S. and non U. S. equities, assets permissible under Rule 15c3-3 under the Exchange Act of 1934, and other collateral as the parties may agree to in writing from time to time. All security loans are open loans and can be terminated on demand by the PEIRAF or borrower. The initial collateral received shall have (depending on the nature of the loaned securities and the collateral received) a value of 102% or 105% of the fair value of the loaned securities, or such other value, not less than 102% of the fair value of the loaned securities, as may be applicable in the jurisdiction in which such loaned securities are customarily traded. Pursuant to the terms of the applicable securities loan agreement, State Street shall, in accordance with State Street's reasonable and customary practices, mark loaned securities and collateral to their fair value each business day based upon the fair value of the collateral and the loaned securities at the close of business, employing the most recently available pricing information and shall receive and deliver collateral in order to maintain the value of the collateral at no less than 100% of the fair value of the loaned securities.

The PEIRAF cannot pledge or sell collateral securities received unless the borrower defaults. Cash collateral is invested in the State Street Quality D Short-Term Investments Fund (QDF). The collateral fund is separated into two pools, a liquidity pool and a duration pool. This split allows greater flexibility in managing the available liquidity in the investment in the fund and the outstanding balance of securities on loan.

The following describes the QDF guidelines for the liquidity pool: The QDF's Investment Manager shall maintain the dollar-weighted average maturity of the QDF in a manner that the Investment Manager believes is appropriate to the objective of the QDF; provided, that (i) in no event shall any eligible security be acquired with a remaining legal final maturity (i.e., the date on which principal must be repaid) of greater than 18 months, (ii) the Investment Manager shall endeavor to maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity of the QDF not to exceed 75 calendar days, and (iii) the Investment Manager shall endeavor to maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity to final of QDF not to exceed 180 calendar days. At the time of purchase, all eligible securities with maturities of 13 months or less shall be rated at least A1, P1, or F1 by at least two of the following nationally recognized statistical rating organizations: Standard & Poor's Corp. ("S&P"), Moody's Investor Services, Inc. ("Moody's"), or Fitch, Inc. ("Fitch"), or be determined by the Investment Manager to be of comparable quality.

C. Securities Lending Program, Continued

Additionally, all eligible securities with maturities in excess of 13 months shall be rated at least A, A3, or A- by at least two of the following nationally recognized statistical rating organizations: S&P, Moody's, or Fitch or be determined by the Investment Manager to be of comparable quality. The QDF may invest up to 10% of its assets at the time of purchase in commingled vehicles managed by the Trustee or its affiliates that conform to the Investment Policy Guidelines.

The following describes the QDF guidelines for the duration pool: The QDF duration pool includes all asset-backed securities (regardless of maturity) and securities of any type with a remaining maturity of 91 days or greater. Each QDF investor owns a specified percentage interest in the duration pool which is redeemable only in kind, not in cash. The QDF duration pool will not make additional investments.

As of September 30, 2013, the average term of the loans was 41 days. Cash collateral investments in the QDF are matured as needed to fulfill loan obligations. There is no direct matching of the maturities of the loans with the investments made with cash collateral.

At September 30, 2013, the fair value of the securities on loan was \$17,941,463. The fair value of the collateral pledged by the borrowers was \$18,583,169. Since the amounts owed by the PEIRAF exceeded the amounts the borrowers owed to the PEIRAF, there was no credit risk exposure as of September 30, 2013. Additionally, there were no significant violations of legal or contractual provisions, no borrower or lending agent default losses, and no recoveries of prior period losses during the fiscal year.

Investments purchased with cash collateral are held by the custodial agent, but not in the name of the PEIRAF. Securities pledged as collateral are held by the custodial agent, but not in the name of the PEIRAF. Letters of credit pledged as collateral are issued by the borrower's bank and are irrevocable. Tri party collateral is held by a third party bank in the name of the custodial agent. State Street, as custodial agent, is authorized to request a third party bank to undertake certain custodial functions in connection with holding of the collateral provided by a borrower.

C. Securities Lending Program, Continued

The following table provides information as of September 30, 2013, concerning securities lent:

SECURITIES LENDING - INVESTMENTS LENT AND COLLATERAL RECEIVED (at Fair Value)

Type of Investment Lent	Amounts		
For Cash Collateral			
Domestic Fixed Maturities	\$	9,147,377	
Domestic Equity		1,982,059	
Total Lent for Cash Collateral		11,129,436	
For Non-cash Collateral			
Domestic Fixed Maturities		6,812,027	
Total Lent for Non-cash Collateral		6,812,027	
Total Securities Lent	\$	17,941,463	
Type of Collateral Received			
Cash Collateral - Invested in State Street Quality D Fund	\$	11,368,979	
Non-cash Collateral			
Domestic Fixed Securities		6,964,648	
Domestic Equity Securities		249,543	
Total Non-Cash Collateral		7,214,191	
Total Collateral Received	\$	18,583,170	

D. Mortgage-backed Securities

As of September 30, 2013, the PEIRAF had investments in mortgaged-backed securities. Embedded prepayment options cause these investments to be highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. Prepayments by the obligors of the underlying assets reduce the total interest payments to be received. Generally, when interest rates fall, obligors tend to prepay the mortgages thus eliminating the stream of interest payments that would have been received under the original amortization schedule. The resulting reduction in cash flow diminishes the fair value of the mortgage-backed securities.